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New SMR Design, innovative-SMR (i-SMR)

 KHNP Central Research Institute
SMR Development Laboratory

Jinsoo Choi (jinsoochoi@khnp.co.kr)

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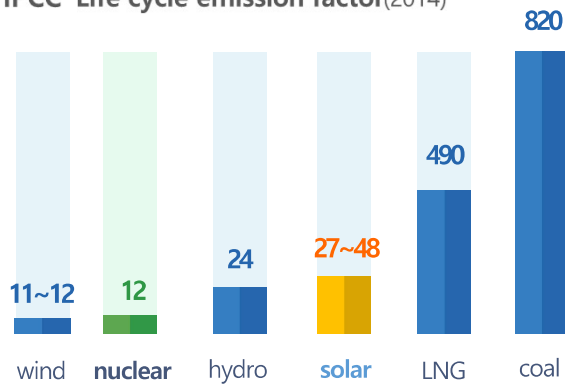
1-1 Global Trends in Energy Sector

☑ **SMR**(Small Modular Reactor) as optimal model for global energy trends : **Decarbonization, Decentralization, Digitalization**

Decarbonization

Importance of environment

IPCC* Life cycle emission factor(2014)



IPCC(Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change)

SMR "Lowest carbon footprint"

Decentralization

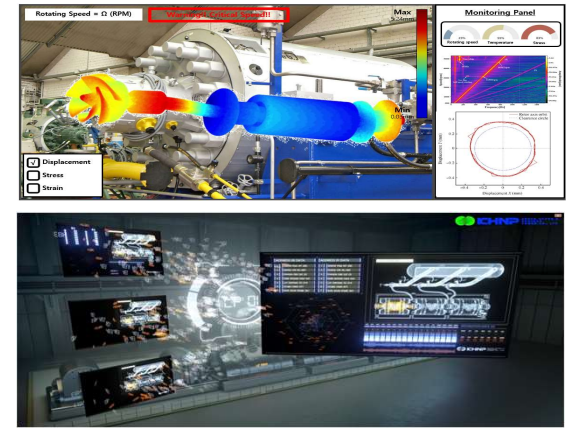
Paradigm shift to small scale



"Small independent grid"

Digitalization

4IR technologies



"Cutting-edge digital technologies"

1-2 SMR Market Outlook

✓ Global SMR Market potential : Increased demand for SMR by 2030s



Market growth 65~85GW until 2035



※ Source : Small Modular Reactors – once in a lifetime opportunity for the UK (2017)



\$116 Billion by 2030

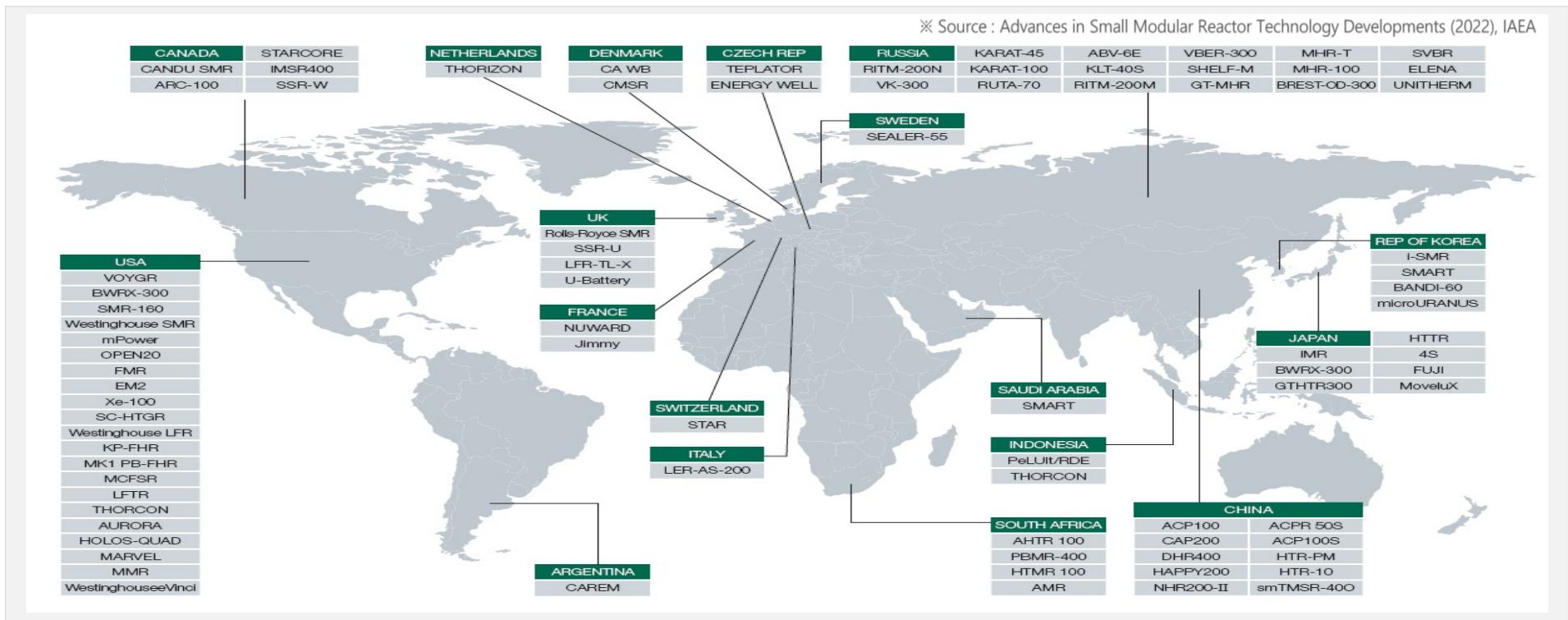
On-grid	Coal-Fired Power	Market	Benchmark
		\$80B	Natural Gas
Off-grid	Remote Island	Market	Competitor
		\$24B	Diesel
Off-grid	Heavy Industries	Market	Competitor
		\$9.6B	Natural Gas
Off-grid	Mines	Market	Competitor
		\$2.8B	Diesel

※ Source : Canadian SMR Roadmap: Economic and Finance Working Group Report (2018)

1-3 Global SMR Development Status

✓ Fierce competition for SMR development to achieve commercialization by 2030s

“Over 80 types of SMRs under development worldwide”



1-4 Characteristics of SMRs

✓ SMR has strength that conventional (large) NPPs doesn't have : **Safety, Economics, Flexibility**

Definition

SMR (Small Modular Reactor) : A reactor with an electric power of less than 300MW capable of factory production of a reactor module

Advantages of SMR



Safety

- Effective in alleviating accidents due to its inherent safety characteristics
- Reduced radioactive release due to small number of nuclear fuel bundles



Economics

- Reduced initial investment
- Reduced construction delay risk by factory manufacturing and equipment modularization



Flexibility

- Applicable to smaller power grids
- Easy control to supplement renewable energy intermittency
- Ease to overcome siting constraints
- Suitable for wide application (desalination, process heat, hydrogen)

Reference

- 13th INPRO Dialogue Forum "Small Modular Reactors Update on International Technology Development Activities"
- OECD NEA 2021 "Small Modular Reactors: Challenges and Opportunities"



2-1 i-SMR Development Goals

✓ **Innovative SMR(i-SMR)** to lead **global SMR market in 2030s**

Safety

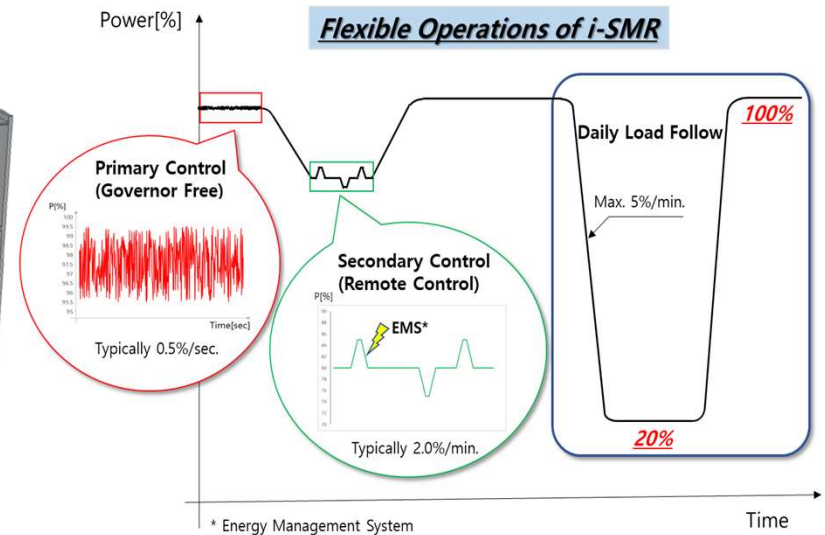
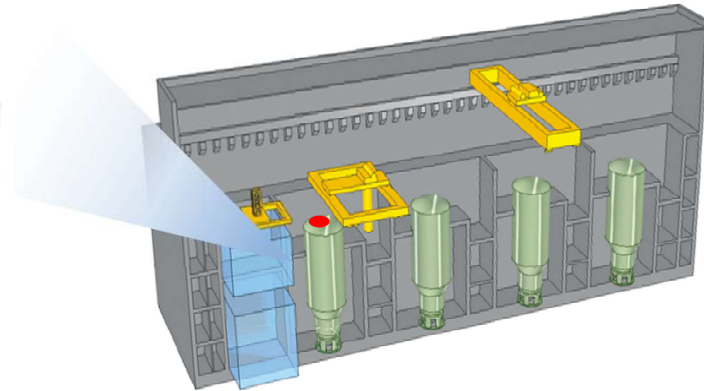
• Core Damage Frequency : $1.0 \times 10^{-9} / M \cdot Y$

Economic Feasibility

• Construction cost : \$3,500 /kWe
• Generation cost : \$65 /MWh

Flexibility

• Power range : 100%-20%-100%
• Linear power variation rate: 5%/min

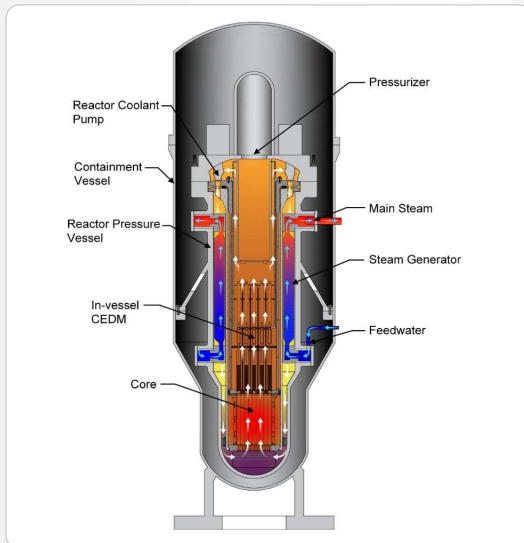


2-2 Design characteristics of i-SMR : Safety

Safety : Enhanced safety by Passive safety system without safety-class DC power and operator's actions

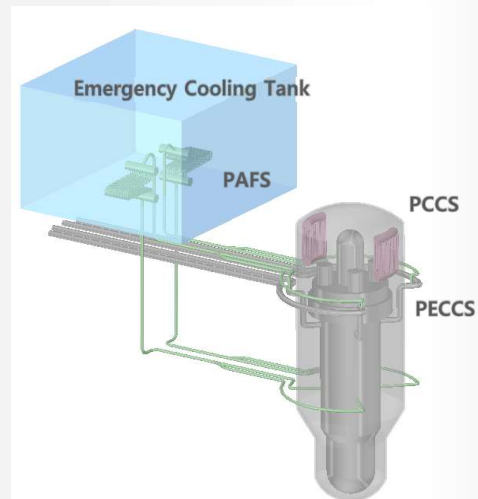
Integrated Reactor Design

- Integrating main equipment of reactor system
- LB-LOCA exclusion (pipeless)
- [IV-CEDM] Preventing a rod ejection accident

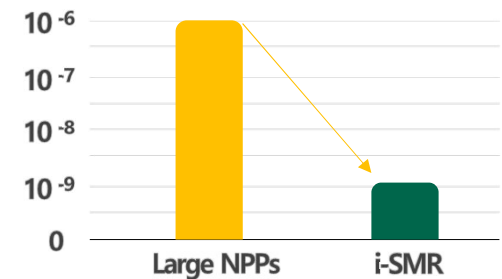


Fully Passive Safety System Design

- Passive safety system with natural circulation
- Safety system without safety-class DC power and operator's action
- Station Blackout (SBO) response time : ≥ 72 hours



CDF (Core Damage Frequency)



1,000 times safer than large NPPs

2-3 Design characteristics of i-SMR : Safety

Safety : Enhanced safety allows construction near cities, residential areas

Underground reactor building/Enhanced seismic performance

- Seismic Design 0.5g
- Underground reactor
- Seismic design of major equipment
- Aircraft crash protection

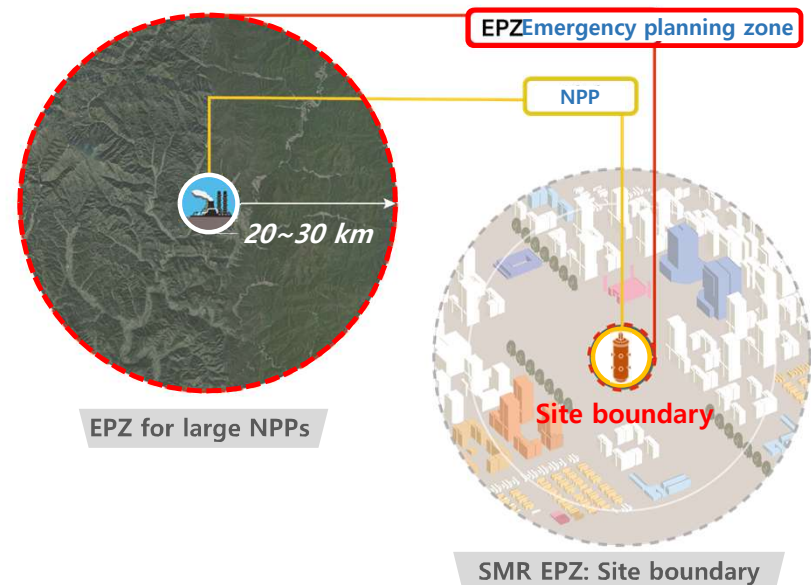
Reduction of radioactive leakage

- Small reactor
- Low accident probability
- Steel containment



EPZ within the site boundary

While large NPPs need EPZ of 20~30km radius, SMR can be installed near cities, residential/remote areas



2-4 Design characteristics of i-SMR : Economics

Economics: Enhanced Economics by Simplification, Modularization, Standardization and application of Innovative technologies

Reduction in construction volume

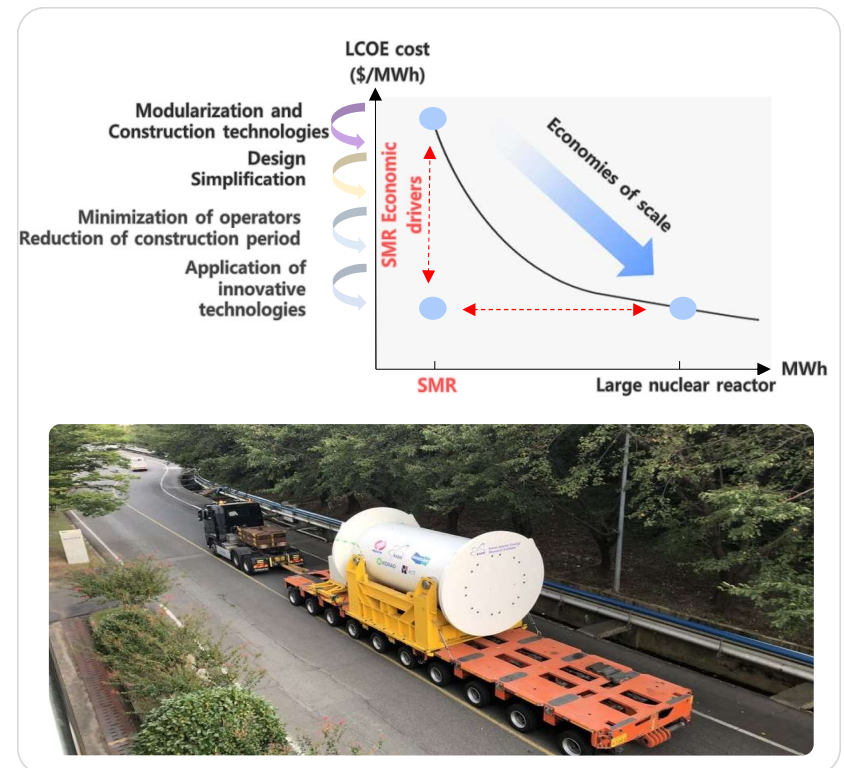
- Design simplification of system
- Multiple modules in a single reactor building

Modularization and factory manufacturing

- Design optimization for inland transportation
- Reduced construction time and cost with innovative technologies

Significant reduction in operators

- 3 operators in one integrated MCR for multiple modules
- Autonomous/Automatic operation and operate support system
- Predictive preventive maintenance



2-5 Design characteristics of i-SMR : Flexibility

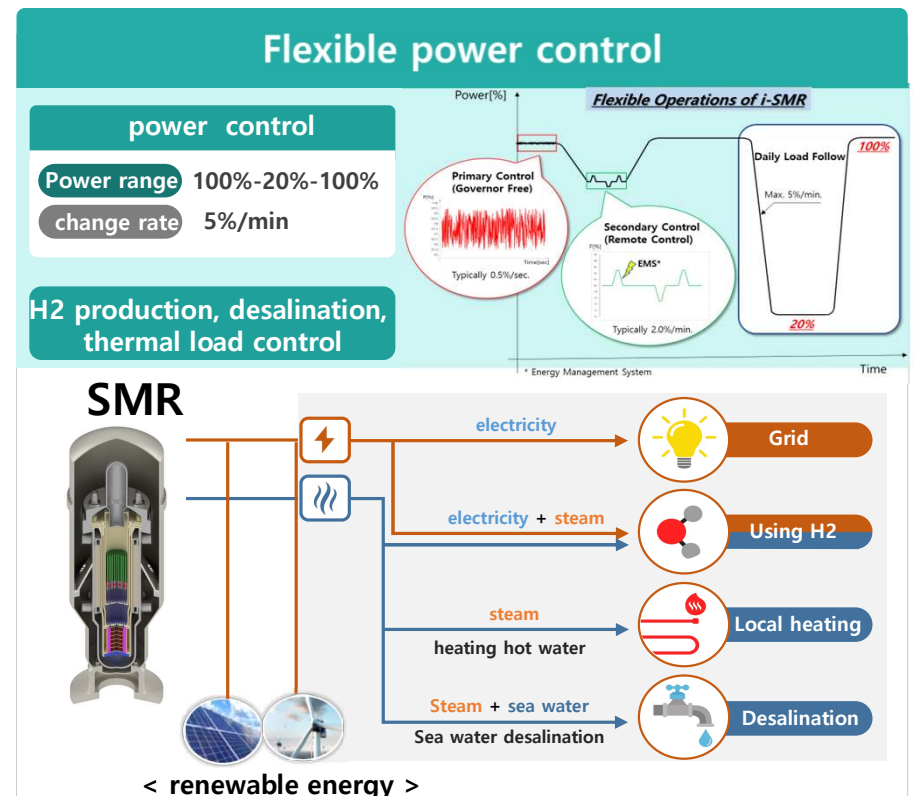
Flexibility: Flexible power control complements volatility of renewable energy

Multipurpose utilization

- Replacement of aging coal-fired power plant
- Distributed power supply
- Hydrogen production (HTSE)
- Process heat, district heat, desalination, etc.

Harmonization with Renewable Energy

- Easy flexible operation by Load following operation
- Carbon-free auxiliary power is required to complement intermittent of renewable energy



3-1 Development Status and Future Plans of i-SMR

☑ Target Goal : SDA approval by 2028, FOAK operation in 2031

Preliminary Design led by KHNP

- KHNP project (KAERI, KEPCO E&C, KNF, Doosan, Academic)

📅 Period : '21 ~ '23 3years

💰 Budget : \$40 Million

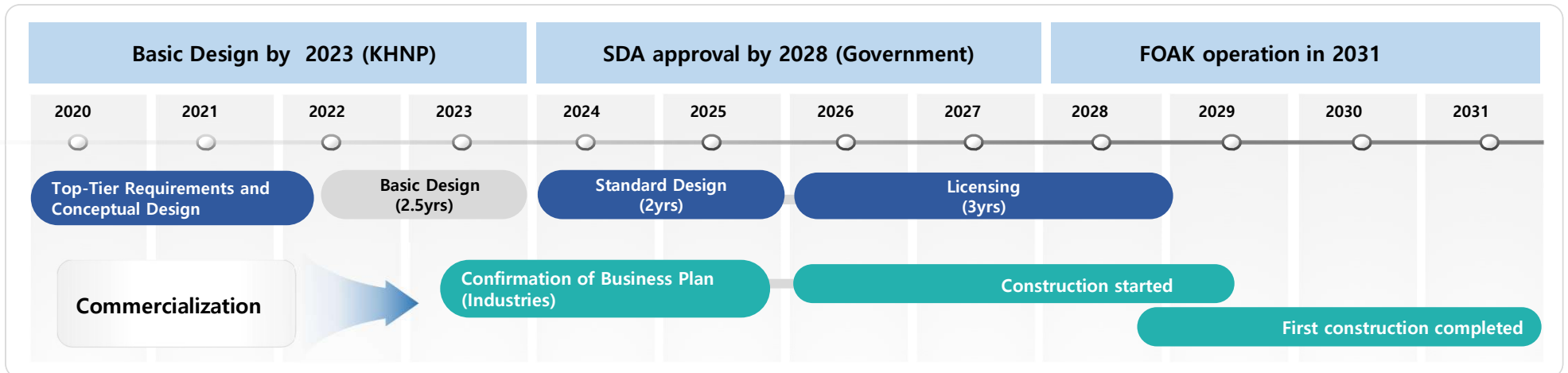
National R&D Projects Supported by the Government

- MSIT* /MOTIE* project

📅 Period : '23 ~ '28 6years

💰 Budget : \$300 Million

* MSIT : Ministry of Science and ICT / MOTIE : Ministry of Trade, Industry and Energy



3-2 Competitiveness of i-SMR


✓ i-SMR boasts the highest competitiveness based on **strong solidarity and experience of nuclear industry**

World's best value chain




Proven global competence from 50 years of experience

APR 1400



Life	60 Years
Output	1,400MWe
Seismic	SSE 0.3g


EU - APR



Life	60 Years
Output	1,400MWe
Seismic	SSE 0.25g

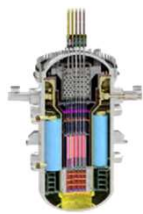
→ EUR certification 2017

US - APR



→ NRC Design Certification 2019

SMART



→ World's 1st SDA approval SMR

Model (Country of development)	AP1000 (USA)		APR1400 (Korea)		EPR (France)	
Country in Construction (Start of construction)	China ('09~)	USA ('13~)	Korea ('08~)	UAE ('11~)	Finland ('05~)	France ('07~)
Capital cost (\$/kWe)	3,154	8,600	2,410	3,275	5,723	8,620

Source: Projected Costs of Generating Electricity (NEA, 2020 Edition)

Since 1971

50 years

Total 34 Units by Korea



30 Units



4 Units

3-3 SMR Smart Net-Zero City (SSNC)

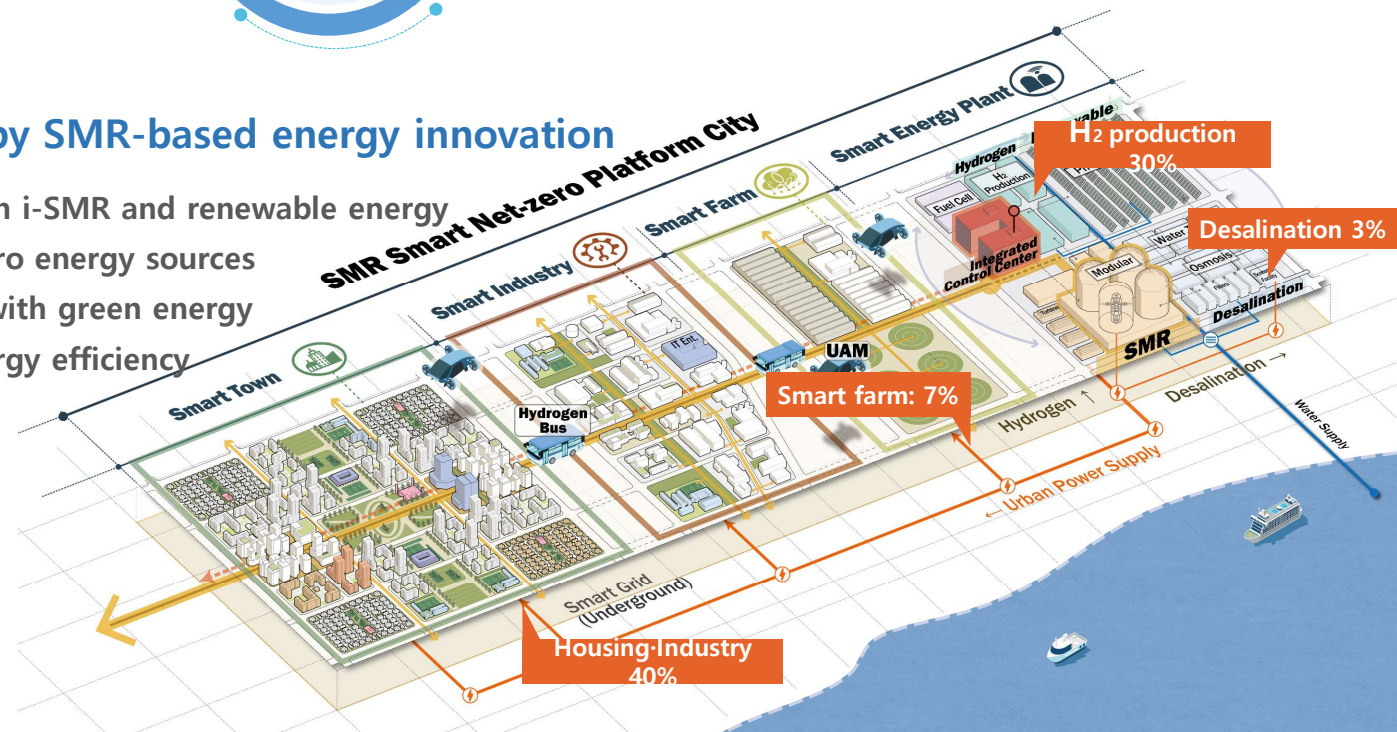
Sustainable energy innovation



Green energy-based city economy innovation

Net-Zero City Platform enabled by SMR-based energy innovation

- **Smart Energy Plant:** achieve Net-Zero with i-SMR and renewable energy
- **Smart Industry:** promote 4IR with Net-Zero energy sources
- **Smart Town:** build Net Zero smart town with green energy
- **Smart Control:** integrated control for energy efficiency



ALL in i-SMR, i-SMR for ALL

ALL innovative technologies and components
are encapsulated in i-SMR,
i-SMR runs for ALL purposes to address climate crisis.

